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you're asking us to strike the manual loop qualification that is represented as 93.70 in Exhibit A, and replace it with -- well, I don't know if it's being replaced or being stricken wholesale.

MR. PERKINS: Yes, but that was the intent when this document was filed on August 1, but I don't really think we've joined that issue with Verizon. So --

MS. DAILEY: Let me say this, Counsel. The commission needs to understand what you're asking us to do, and it's not clear to me.

MR. PERKINS: Understood.

MS. DAILEY: So what I'm asking you to help me with, on the record here, is explain to the Commission what pricing issues we are being expected -- what prices we are being expected to set. And then I would like Verizon to tell me where the preexisting prices that Cavalier proposes to replace in this arbitration came from. That is my goal.

MR. PERKINS: Okay. When Cavalier filed its petition August 1, the prices proposed by

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Ver	izon f	or the	ese	prim	arily	for	thes	e DSL-	related
C9 :	issues	were	the p	rices	w	ere	not p	rices	that
had	been	approv	zed by	the	Virgi	nia	Commi	ssion.	

Cavalier did not at that point have a cost study from Verizon. Cavalier did not have its own cost study to try to generate different prices for these items.

That had been a continuing sort of issue in contention between the parties for several years about which prices should apply primarily to loop conditioning, removal of bridge taps and load coils.

MS. DAILEY: Two of the proposed language under nonrecurring charges have to do with removal of bridge taps and removal of load coils.

MR. PERKINS: Yes, and those are the two key ones for this issue and probably the only remaining items at issue.

MS. DAILEY: So all you're asking the commission to do under --

MR. PERKINS: I'm sorry, if I could add one more thing.

MS. DAILEY: Sure.

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MR. PERKINS: After the petition was filed on August 29, the FCC's pricing decision in the MCI. AT&T and Cox arbitrations with Verizon came out. what -- that for the first time, in essence, put in place or at least established a way to put in place commission-approved prices.

What Cavalier has proposed recently to Verizon is to adopt those prices upon their taking effect between AT&T and Verizon, subject to Verizon's rates to appeal or seek reconsideration or so forth, and subject to Cavalier's right to challenge any of those prices because the nonrecurring charges are not yet specified. don't know exactly what they will be, if Cavalier believes that they're not appropriate.

MR. LERNER: Are the two parties in agreement that that's --

MR. PERKINS: Cavalier proposed that very recently, so I don't know if Verizon has had a chance to adequately assess it.

MS. ZACHARIA: And also, this is not one of the issues that is currently before the

commission in this arbitration. It is not one of the issues that the parties put on their initial list after the settlement of issues that would be before the commission in this arbitration, and we're not necessarily in agreement.

MR. PERKINS: I don't --

MS. DAILEY: I mean, I'm going to weigh in on that. I believe that anything that's stricken and interlineated here with respect to issue C9 is part of this arbitration.

MS. ZACHARIA: The parties reached a settlement where they agreed upon a list of issues that would be arbitrated in this matter. What the prices would be going forward, with perhaps a few exceptions that were listed in there, were not -- was not an issue that was before -- that was included on that list.

MR. PERKINS: I would disagree. I think that the DSL and loop conditioning was listed.

MS. ZACHARIA: I said with a few exceptions. What I was trying to say is, the broad issue of what would happen with the AT&T rates for

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T	Cavailer
2	MS. DAILEY: No, I'm only talking about
3	this one issue.
4	MS. ZACHARIA: That's fair, okay. That's
5	fair. I'm in agreement.
6	MS. DAILEY: That's all I'm talking about.
7	MR. PERKINS: From Cavalier's perspective,
8	what's at issue under the DSL is what I said, bridge
9	taps, load coils and the associated, I guess,
10	engineering query and work order charges.
11	MS. DAILEY: Which are set forth where on
12	exhibit
13	MR. PERKINS: These are on pages 175
14	through 178.
15	MS. DAILEY: If I understand what you just
16	said, you want us I mean, what we're being asked
17	to do is to set rates for to add rates for bridge
18	taps, load coils and I mean, I see everything
19	between all of Verizon's pricing from page 176 to
20	178 is stricken on this document.
21	MR. PERKINS: Correct.
22	MS. DAILEY: So what exactly are we being

asked to do, strike all those -- strike all those prices?

MR. PERKINS: Well, what was -- the intent initially was to provide some suggested way to handle this, to substitute prices, say that they're not applicable at all, which was what was suggested in this red line. But what happened was that the pricing decision came out and that we really didn't feel like we should suggest different prices from what would come out of that proceeding, because that would, in essence, ask you to redecide the prices you just decided.

But the problem is, we don't have the nonrecurring charges from the AT&T arbitration yet. Those have yet to be generated under the cost model provided by AT&T and MCI.

MR. LERNER: Is it fair to say, just the way I am reading this or understand this, is that Cavalier's position is the prices should be the lowest Verizon rate approved by a Public Service Commission within Cavalier's footprint, and Verizon's position is the prices should be the

current prices paid by CLECs, possibly subject to
the new rates for those same services established in
the AT&T arbitration, depending on how you resolve
the overall global effect of that?
MS. ZACHARIA: That is my reading of where
the parties are today.
MR. LERNER: Is that your reading?
MR. PERKINS: Yes.
MS. SHETLER: Can I just ask one
clarifying question, just in terms of making sure
we're talking about the same thing.
In your proposal that's underlined in
here, the last clause is "pending the adoption of
final rates by the commission."
What commission are you talking about? Us
or the state? FCC?
MR. PERKINS: It probably should say the
state corporation commission, or the Federal
Communications Commission, acting in its stead.
MR. LERNER: Meaning in the AT&T
arbitration. AT&T, yes.

MR. LERNER: So in other words, your

position is that until the rate is established by
that, which then may supersede whatever rate is
established in here, your position is pay the lowest
in the Verizon footprint until that time
MR. PERKINS: In the Cavalier Verizon
footprint.
MR. LERNER: Your position is, take the
Virginia rate until that time.
MS. DAILEY: Which, if any, of the rates
that Cavalier is proposing here do not currently
exist in Virginia?
MR. PERKINS: I don't know how to answer
that on a categorical basis. I can tell you the
specific issue here, and that is we want the
Maryland price for load coil removal and loops over
18,000 feet.
MS. DAILEY: You want the Maryland price,
okay. Well
MR. PERKINS: To be blunt.
MS. NATOLI: Is that because the Maryland
commission has addressed this issue, and they have

decided the rate and the Virginia commission hasn't

decided the issue, so they haven't decided the rate,
and this is just the rate that Verizon charges that
they originally negotiated with somebody and then
that then became the rate?
MR. PERKINS: Negotiated or had approved
somewhere else and benchmarked and modified.
MS. NATOLI: But what I'm saying is the
Virginia commission has never passed on these
particular issues, the FCC has not yet passed on it
in the context of the AT&T arbitration, but the
Maryland commission has, and that's why you want it.
MR. PERKINS: Yes.
MR. LERNER: What's the Maryland rate?
MR. PERKINS: I don't have that in front
of me.
MS. NATOLI: But that's the lowest rate in
the footprint right now.
MR. LERNER: I was just kind of curious.
MS. NATOLI: So then if somebody else,
West Virginia passed a rate, you would take that if
that was in your footprint

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Yes.

MR. PERKINS:

1	MS. NEWMAN: I think he's saying he would
2	take that if that were lower. Correct those have
3	been, too, by the New York
4	MS. NATOLI: But that's not their
5	footprint; is that right?
6	MS. NEWMAN: He wants the lowest rate in
7	the footprint, and New York is higher than
8	MR. PERKINS: We said Cavalier's
9	footprint.
10	MS. NATOLI: In Cavalier's footprint, they
11	said. Yes, I understand.
12	MS. DAILEY: Verizon is I'm just going
13	to ask you to address in your briefing sheet,
14	Verizon has pointed out that costs are determined on
15	a state-by-state basis, and you're going to need to
16	explain to us how we can import a rate from one
17	state to another and adopt that rate.
18	But I guess what I'm my what I'm
19	sort of wondering finally is if well, never mind.
20	I think I'll leave it at that.
21	MR. MAHER: Let me quick just add, also
22	for the briefing on this issue C9, to the extent

that the spectrum density mask issue remains an
issue among the parties, for the briefs, I would be
interested, among other things, in seeing any
knowledge as to the implications of the commission's
rule regarding spectrum management for advanced
services, particularly I'm thinking of rule 51.230
and 51.231, again to the extent that the spectral
density mask issue remains an issue.

MS. SHETLER: Can I add one other thing for Verizon, with respect to the various rates that have been put at issue with regard to loop conditioning, all the ones from pages 175 to 178? Could you please in your briefing clearly specify the source and authority for each rate?

MS. ZACHARIA: Yes.

MS. SHETLER: Thank you.

MS. ZACHARIA: I'll just note that the commission looked at some of these same issues in the 271 case, including whether the Maryland rate specifically should be adopted. And we will include that in our brief.

MS. SHETLER: Okay.

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1	MR. LERNER: I'm sure you will.
2	(Laughter.)
3	MS. SHETLER: And just to be clear, also
4	in addition to arguing whatever rate Verizon
5	contends should be applied here, I would like both
6	parties to address the issue of the recent FCC
7	arbitration in AT&T and why or why not you believe
8	that should be applicable to these rates.
9	MS. ZACHARIA: To these specific rates.
10	MS. SHETLER: Yes, to the rates that are
11	at issue before the commission. I can make that
12	general. Anytime there's a rate at issue that was
13	addressed in the Virginia in the earlier
14	Cox/AT&T/WorldCom arbitration, why or why not that
15	could be applicable here.
16	MR. PERKINS: Did Cavalier ask Verizon to
17	send an update list of the sources of the prices?
18	MS. ZACHARIA: Sure.
19	MR. PERKINS: Thank you.
20	MS. ZACHARIA: I believe it's the same one
21	we produced in the 271 case, but we can send that to
22	you again.

1	MR. PERKINS: It's marked confidential
2	accident, but we can talk about that later.
3	MR. LERNER: Ms. Natoli?
4	MS. NATOLI: Are these rates on Exhibit A
5	right now the rates your current interconnection
6	agreement is subject to?
7	MR. PERKINS: Oh, I don't think so. I
8	think we have our rates spelled out subject to any
9	change by the commission. And these rates are from
10	several different sources. We adopted the MCI metro
11	agreement.
12	MS. NATOLI: Right. But I thoughts rates
13	were I thought whatever rates were effective at
14	the time are what governs all the agreements. I
15	thought you always update them so that no CLEC is
16	getting a different rate for the same element.
17	MR. PERKINS: I think we're paying the
18	approved rates. I just don't know if we're paying
19	all of these rates that were proposed in Exhibit A.
20	MS. NATOLI: Oh, I just mean the existing
21	services you're ordering but
22	MR. PERKINS: Yes.

MS. ZACHARIA: I belleve again, while we
were going through the 271 process, that we sent out
a few different industry letters with the rates that
we would be charging carriers in Virginia. And
again, there may be one or two exceptions since that
time, but those should be generally consistent with
the ones on schedule A. That's my understanding.
MR. LERNER: Okay. That concludes the
questioning for issue C9. I guess there's probably
testimony to be moved into evidence. The witnesses
are mainly new witnesses.
MR. PERKINS: Yes. Cavalier will move
into evidence as Exhibit C-15 and C-16 the testimony
of James Vermeulen, and as Exhibit C-17 the
testimony of Kenneth Ko. I believe Ms. Webb's
testimony has already been moved.
MS. NEWMAN: And Ms. Clayton's testimony
has already been moved into evidence, too.
MR. LERNER: Okay. It's admitted.
(Exhibits C-15, C-16, and C-17
received.)

MR. LERNER: We'll pick up with issue C-18

at 10:30. Off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. LERNER: On reconsideration, back on the record, we will go ahead with issue C-18 right now and take a break after that.

One thing I note is as to the issues we're going to decide, we'll decide the issues based on the different language from the agreements put before us and the testimony and the issue descriptions and headings, but we're not bound solely by the little heading of the issue that might have been put on it, but taken in full context of what's before us.

MS. NEWMAN: You have just referenced, and this may not be the appropriate time, but I just wanted to put it up there for discussion, the contract language. Right now we don't have any contract language in the record, so I think it's something we need to discuss before we go off the record today.

MR. LERNER: We will plan to do that.

MS. NEWMAN: Thank you.

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1	MR. LERNER: Okay. We've got a couple new
2	witnesses.
3	MR. HILDER: Todd Hilder, Cavalier
4	Telephone.
5	MR. TOOTHMAN: Mike Toothman, Verizon.
6	MR. SPENCER: Steven Spencer, Verizon.
7	Whereupon,
8	TODD HILDER,
9	MIKE TOOTHMAN, and
10	STEVEN SPENCER
11	were called as witnesses, and, having first been
12	duly sworn, were examined and testified as follows:
13	MR. LERNER: Mr. Clift, are you a witness
14	on this one as well?
15	MR. CLIFT: Yes.
16	MR. LERNER: And you remain under oath
17	from yesterday.
18	MR. LERNER: Verizon. No questions.
19	Okay.
20	MR. STUBBS: Thank you.
21	EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. STUBBS:

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<u>.</u>	Q MI. 100chman and MI. Spencer, I suppose
2	since you provided panel testimony, I'll ask a
3	question, and whoever is appropriate, answer, please
4	feel free to do so.
5	First, to get some clarification about
6	terms that were used, for the court reporter, could
7	someone tell me what an LSR means?
8	A (Mr. Toothman) LSR is a local service
9	request. It's the document that a CLEC uses to
10	request services from Verizon.
11	Q Okay. Is an LVR a listing verification
12	report?
13	A (Mr. Toothman) Yes.
14	Q Isn't it true that Verizon must initiate
15	an internal service order to process a CLEC's
16	request from that LSR?
17	A (Mr. Toothman) That's true.
18	Q Isn't it true that some of those service
19	orders are generated manually by Verizon?
20	A (Mr. Toothman) That's true.
21	Q So in effect, there is a reinputting of
22	that LSR data by the Verizon representative who is

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Ì	assigned	to	work	that	LSR	request?
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- A (Mr. Toothman) If a preponderance of LSRs flows through, what we call flow-through, the service order is automatically created. There is some portion of LSRs that do require manual intervention by a service rep.
- Q 80 percent of the LSRs flow through, 20 percent are inputted manually; isn't that right?
 - A (Mr. Toothman) Well, the 80 percent is the number I think we put in our rebuttal testimony to -- that's our experience on Cavalier directory listing requests. 80 percent of those flow through automatically.
 - Q 20 percent are inputted manually?
- 15 A (Mr. Toothman) That's correct.
 - Q Now, when that service order is processed,

 Verizon then responds to the CLEC's LSR by returning

 a firm order confirmation; isn't that right?
 - A (Mr. Toothman) That's correct.
 - O That's also called an FOC?
 - A (Mr. Toothman) Correct.
- 22 O As well as Verizon also returns a billing

1	completion notification; isn't that right?			
2	A (Mr. Toothman) True.			
3	Q Also called a BCN?			
4	A (Mr. Toothman) True.			
5	Q Isn't it true there are circumstances when			
6	the listing request that's processed by the Verizon			
7	service order will be reflected on the FOC and the			
8	BCN?			
9	A (Mr. Toothman) Right. What we do is we			
10	recap on the confirmation notice and the completion			
11	notice the listing information that we used on the			
12	service order.			
13	That occurs on what we call simple			
14	listings, which are basically your straight-line			
15	listings. It does not occur on what we call complex			
16	listings, which are listings that mainly have			
17	captions, such as department store has various			
18	departments underneath it. That would not be			
19	reflected on the confirmation or the completion.			
20	Q Neither would multiple listings; is that			
21	right?			

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A (Mr. Toothman) When you say "multiple

listings," if you were doing two simple listings on the same LSR, I think they would be returned on the confirmation numbers.

Q Now, are caption style listings generally input manually?

A (Mr. Toothman) Generally that is correct. The more complex system.

Q So if hypothetical ABC company wants to establish their listings so the directory will display the various departments as you described, the CLEC would not know the results of that service order when the FOC and the BCN are returned; isn't that right?

A (Mr. Toothman) They would not see the evidence of what was on the service orders, correct. However, if I could continue, after the order completes, you can use -- I'm not sure you can get there or not, but it's what we call directory listing inquiry, that allows you to look into the database and see that listing after it is posted to the database.

Q Is that one of the three points where

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1	Cavalier could review the accuracy of the listing as
2	referred to in the rebuttal testimony?
3	A (Mr. Toothman) Yes.
4	Q Now, those three points that were listed,
5	I believe it was at page 3, lines 6 to 22?
6	MS. NEWMAN: I'm sorry, direct or
7	rebuttal?
8	MR. STUBBS: I'm sorry, rebuttal testimony
9	at page 3, lines 6 to 22.
10	BY MR. STUBBS:
11	Q Those three points are, if I could
12	generalize or summarize, reports or confirmations or
13	notices or data readouts that are prepared by
14	Verizon; isn't that right?
15	A (Mr. Toothman) Yes.
16	Q Okay. So none of those three points are
17	accessible only to Cavalier for a CLEC or a CLEC?
18	They're accessible to both Verizon and the CLEC; is
19	that right?
20	A (Mr. Toothman) That's true.
21	Q So every one of those three points is

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available to Verizon to check the accuracy of the

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that error?

1	listing as well; isn't that right?
2	A (Mr. Toothman) At a given point in time,
3	that's true.
4	Q Isn't it true that there is no yellow page
5	specific LVR produced for any CLEC?
6	A (Mr. Toothman) That's true.
7	Q Isn't it true that the LVR which Cavalier
8	and other CLECs receive does not state whether any
9	of those listings produced on the LVR will also be
10	produced in the yellow page directory?
11	A (Mr. Toothman) That's true.
12	Q Isn't it true that the confirmation and
13	billing completion notification will not indicate
14	whether any listing related to that order will be
15	reflected in the yellow pages?
16	A (Mr. Toothman) That's true.
17	Q Isn't it true that the CLEC can use the

A (Mr. Toothman) All right, let me -- the listing verification report captures all the CLEC's

LVR review to help locate the CLEC's own errors to

enable a CLEC to then submit a new LSR to correct

listings that are going to appear in a certain directory, and we provide that in electronic format, so it would enable a CLEC to use that format to bash up against its own database of listings to identify any discrepancies.

Q And couldn't the ILEC, Verizon, use that same LVR review to locate Verizon's own errors and report that error?

A (Mr. Toothman) No, I don't think so. And I think -- referring again to the rebuttal testimony, we brought out several points why that is not practical.

The first -- several reasons. I'll start with the fact that a CLEC can request a movement of an end user from another CLEC or Verizon to that CLEC and indicate they want the listings to be transported as is. In other words, the CLEC does not put the directory listings on the local service request, there is no listings on that request. What Verizon does, it goes back and looks at the listings that are currently in the database for another CLEC or for retail and brings those forward.

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So at that point, we don't have any way to compare what's on an LVR to what Cavalier requested. Basically, what we have is the listings that Verizon has on our database.

When you use the term "Verizon error," I leapt to the assumption what you were meaning was an error, meaning that we had put a listing on the LVR that doesn't match what Cavalier requested us to do.

We don't always -- I'm kind of reading from my rebuttal testimony, but we don't always have associated with a given listing what LSR created that listing. So if we had an LVR, there's no way for us to practically be able to associate an LSR with that listing. In some cases we can, some cases we cannot.

In those cases we can, it's -- the databases are in different periods of archiving, because we get in excess of a million LSRs a month. To be able to retain that volume of data in a format you can readily access it and be able to match a listing to local service request and be able to see what was on that local service request is just not

practical.

Q Okay. Well, let's assume that there was a purported error, and Verizon, like in the position you're taking, has no -- might take the position there's no way that we can know that this error was not Cavalier's fault. If, in fact, we took the LSRs, as produced by Cavalier, and lined them up as revised against the LVR, and they match up, the LVR does match up to those LSRs as revised, we would know that that was a Cavalier error; isn't that right?

A (Mr. Toothman) I was up with you until you said it was Cavalier.

O Yes.

A (Mr. Toothman) If the LVR matches up to an LSR, okay, so it's the same information, then, that -- yes, then we created the listing per Cavalier instructions.

Q So that would be a Cavalier error; isn't that right?

A (Mr. Toothman) If the listing is not correct, right.

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